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MEDIUM-MU TWIN TRIODE

9-PIN MINIATURE TYPE

For use in mobile communications equipment operating from 6-cell storage-battery systems. Useful as an rf amplifier in direct-coupled cathode-drive circuits at frequencies up to 200 Mc.

GENERAL DATA**Electrical:**

Heater, for Unipotential Cathodes:

Voltage range. 12 to 15 ac or dc volts

Current (Approx.) at

13.5 volts 0.18 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:^o

	Unit No.1	Unit No.2	
Grid to plate.	1.2	1.2	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Grid to cathode, internal shield, and heater	2.6	-	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Plate to cathode, internal shield, and heater	1.2	-	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Plate to cathode	0.12	0.12	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Cathode to heater.	2.6	2.7	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Cathode to grid, internal shield, and heater	-	5	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Plate to grid, internal shield, and heater	-	2.2	$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Plate of unit No.1 to plate of unit No.2.	0.01 max.		$\mu\mu\text{f}$
Plate of unit No.2 to plate and grid of unit No.1.	0.024 max.		$\mu\mu\text{f}$

Characteristics, Class A₁ Amplifier (Each Unit):

Heater Voltage	13.5	volts
Plate-Supply Voltage	150	volts
Cathode Resistor	220	ohms
Amplification Factor	36	
Plate Resistance (Approx.)	5300	ohms
Transconductance	6800	μmhos
Plate Current.	10	ma
Grid Voltage (Approx.) for plate $\mu\text{a}=10$.	-12	volts

Mechanical:

Operating PositionAny
Maximum Overall Length	2-3/16"
Maximum Seated Length.	1-15/16"
Length, Base Seat to Bulb Top (Excluding tip)	1-9/16" \pm 3/32"
Diameter	0.750" to 0.875"
Dimensional Outline.See General Section
Bulb	T6-1/2

^o with external shield JETEC No.315 connected to pin 9.

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ELECTRON TUBE DIVISION
RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

TENTATIVE DATA 1

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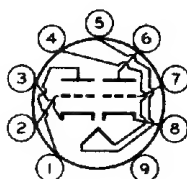


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MEDIUM-MU TWIN TRIODE

Base. Small-Button Noval 9-Pin (JETEC No.E9-1)
 Basing Designation for BOTTOM VIEW. 9AJ

Pin 1—Plate of
Unit No.2
 Pin 2—Grid of
Unit No.2
 Pin 3—Cathode of
Unit No.2
 Pin 4—Heater
 Pin 5—Heater



Pin 6—Plate of
Unit No.1
 Pin 7—Grid of
Unit No.1
 Pin 8—Cathode of
Unit No.1
 Pin 9—Internal
Shield

AMPLIFIER — Class A₁

Values are for Each Unit

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

PLATE VOLTAGE 275 max. volts
 PLATE DISSIPATION 2.2 max. watts
 PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:
 Heater negative with respect to cathode . 150 max. volts
 Heater positive with respect to cathode . 150 max. volts

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-Circuit Resistance 0.5 max. megohm

CHARACTERISTICS RANGE VALUES FOR EQUIPMENT DESIGN

Values are for Each Unit Unless Otherwise Specified

	Note	Min.	Max.	
Heater Current.	1	0.165	0.195	amp
Direct Interelectrode Capacitances:				
Grid to cathode, internal shield, and heater (Unit No.1)	2	2.05	3.15	μf
Cathode to grid, internal shield, and heater (Unit No.2)	2	4.1	5.9	μf
Plate to grid, internal shield, and heater (Unit No.2)	2	1.9	2.5	μf
Amplification Factor.	1,3	26	46	
Plate Current	1,4	7	13	ma
Transconductance.	1,3	5800	7800	μmhos
Reverse Grid Current (Total—both units)	1,5	—	—2	μa
Heater-Cathode Leakage Current:				
Heater negative with respect to cathode.	1,6	—	20	μa
Heater positive with respect to cathode.	1,6	—	20	μa



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	Note	Min.	Max.	
Leakage Resistance:				
Between grid and all other electrodes of both units tied together.	1,7	50	-	megohms
Between plate and all other electrodes of both units tied together.	1,8	50	-	megohms
Note 1: With ac or dc heater volts = 13.5.				
Note 2: With external shield JETEC No.315 connected to pin 9.				
Note 3: With dc plate-supply volts = 150, cathode resistor (ohms) = 220, and cathode-bypass capacitor (μ f) = 1000. Each unit tested separately. Electrodes of unit not under test are connected to ground.				
Note 4: With dc plate-supply volts = 150, and cathode resistor (ohms) = 220. Each unit tested separately. Electrodes of unit not under test are connected to ground.				
Note 5: With dc plate-supply volts = 250, cathode resistor (ohms) = 250, and grid resistor (megohms) = 0.5. Units are tested in parallel with cathode and grid resistors common to both units.				
Note 6: With 150 volts dc between heater and cathode.				
Note 7: With grid 100 volts negative with respect to all other electrodes of both units tied together.				
Note 8: With plate 300 volts negative with respect to all other electrodes of both units tied together.				

SPECIAL RATINGS & PERFORMANCE DATA**Heater-Cycling Life Performance:**

This test is performed on a sample lot of tubes from each production run. A minimum of 2000 cycles of intermittent operation is applied under the following conditions: heater volts = 17 cycled one minute on and four minutes off, heater 180 volts negative with respect to cathode, and all other elements connected to ground. At the end of this test, tubes are checked for heater-cathode shorts and open circuits.

Low-Frequency Vibration Performance:

This test is performed on a sample lot of tubes from each production run under the following conditions: units connected in parallel, heater volts = 13.5, plate-supply volts = 250, grid volts = -8, plate load resistor (ohms) = 2000, and vibrational acceleration of 2.5 g at 25 cps. In this test, the rms output voltage must not exceed 150 millivolts.

500-Hour Intermittent Life Performance:

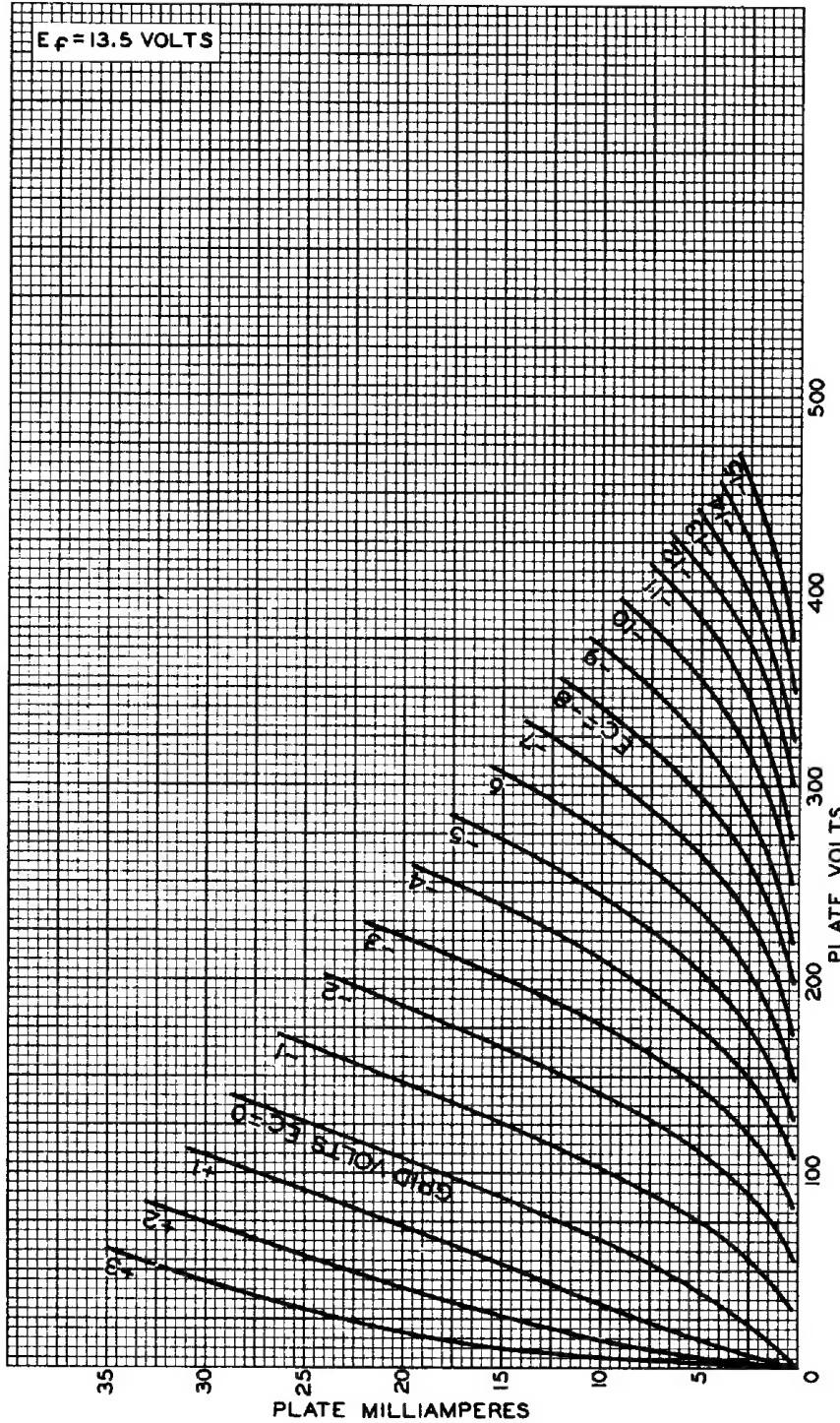
This test is performed on a sample lot of tubes from each production run to insure high quality of the individual tube and to guard against epidemic failures. Life testing is conducted under the following conditions: heater volts = 15 and maximum-rated plate dissipation.

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AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS EACH UNIT

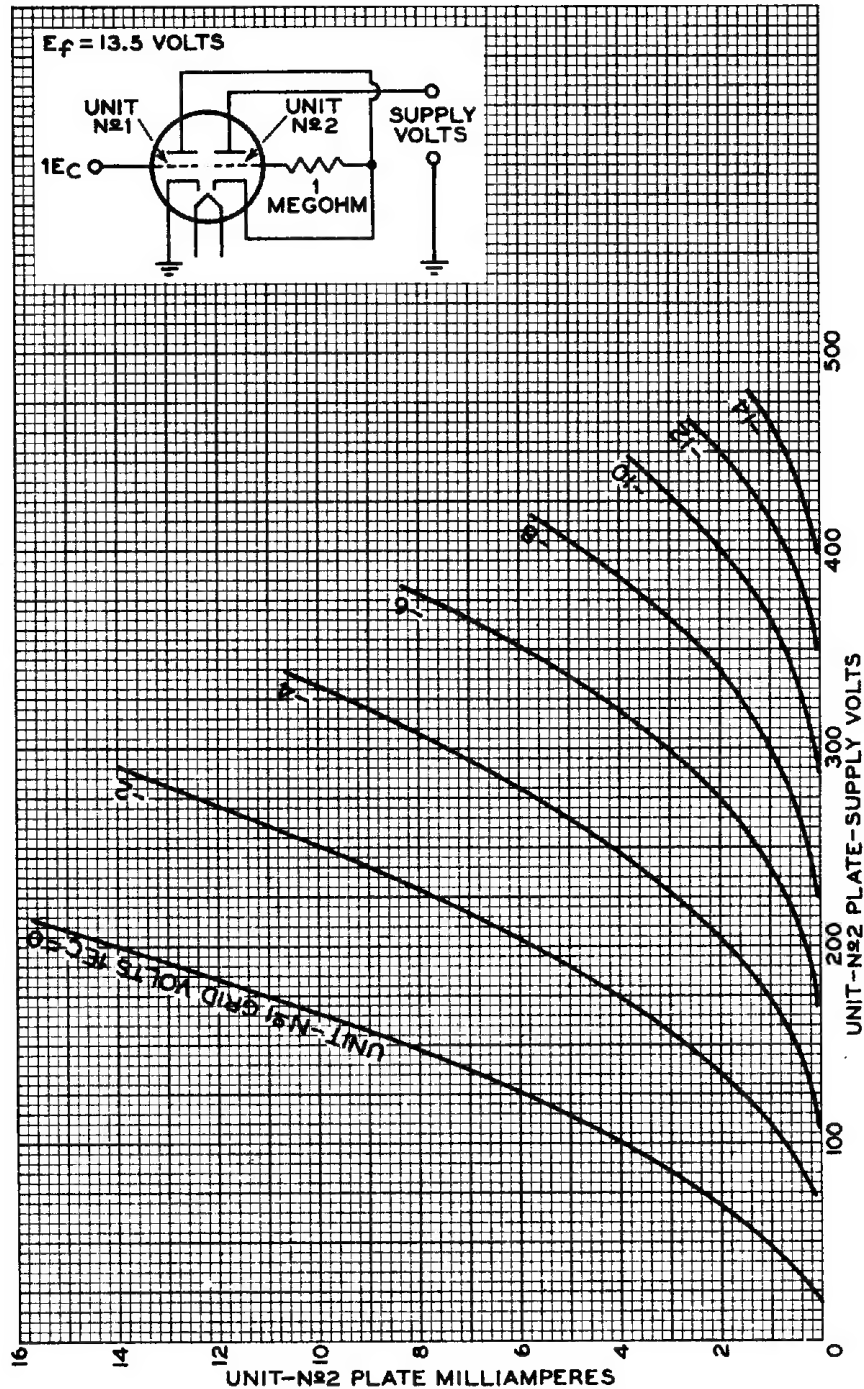




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AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS DIRECT-COUPLED DRIVEN RF AMPLIFIER IN CATHODE-DRIVE CIRCUIT

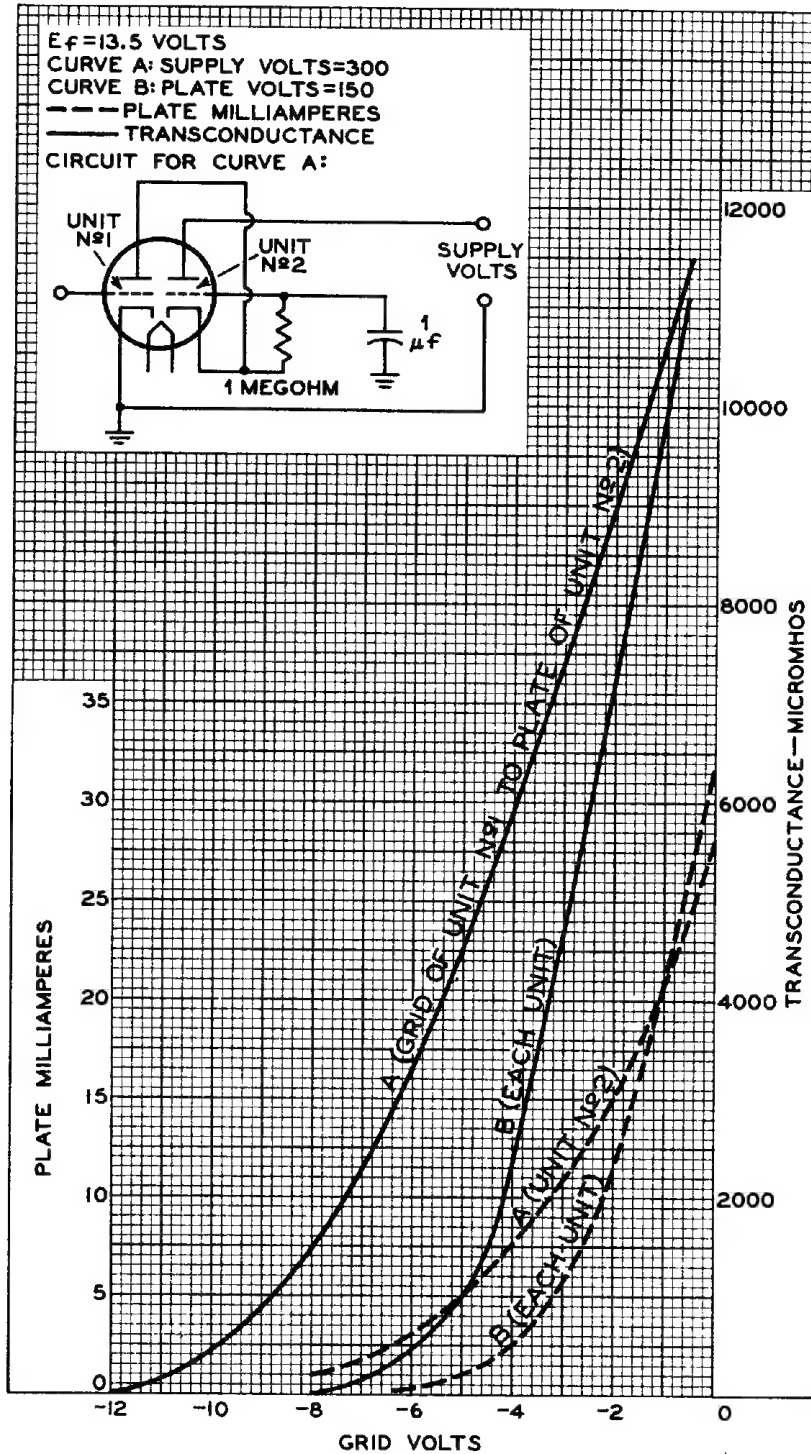


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